

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1744

Rome, June 27.

**T**HE dead Bodies of such as were slain in the late Actions having remained above Ground for three Days, the Generals of both Armies agreed on a Suspension of Arms while the Inhabitants of Marino and Velletri took care to throw the Carcasses into Pits. On the 20th of this Month we received

Advice, that eight English Men of War had appeared before Nettuno; and that they had on board a great Quantity of Arms and Ammunition for the Austrian Army; which was look'd upon to be a Piece of great Importance, that Cardinal Alexander Albrizzi went directly to the Austrian Camp to acquaint them with it. On the 23d we were inform'd, that four English Ships were sail'd for Monte-Cirzelli, with which his Eminence also went to acquaint Prince Lobkowitz. His Highness has caused several Detachments to be made into the Abruzzo's, in order to cause a Division; and indeed the Spaniards immediately marched Detachments for the same Provinces. The Arrival of the English Ships will greatly incommode the Count de Gages, who will now find it very difficult to obtain Supplies of Provision by Sea. The greatest Politicians we have here, are inclin'd to think that the Austrian General will, in the End, be obliged to abandon his Enterprize; since, as the Heat increases, his Army will grow more sickly; and it is very evident, that the Count de Gages is so well posted, as to hinder the Austrians from advancing, as well as to preserve the Collection of so advantageous a Camp. General Pestchke and the rest of the Austrian Officers who were taken Prisoners in the late Engagement, and dismiss'd by the Count de Gages on their Parole, after a short stay here, is return'd to Vienna; which is another Instance that the Campaign is almost over.

P. S. We have this Moment Advice, that Prince Lobkowitz has order'd several Hundred of Horses and Carriages to assemble at Monte-Rotondo: on the last of this Month; but whether with a View to retreat, or execute some new Enterprize, or barely to amuse the Enemy, is more than we can pretend to determine.

Milan, June 30. On the 24th of this Month, 1400 men pass'd thro' our Neighbourhood, in order to join Prince Lobkowitz. The News we have lately had of his great Success, appears to be indifferently founded; and we are now certain, that after repeated Endeavours to drive the Spaniards from their Posts, he has been oblig'd to content himself with maintaining his own Posts, and has even fortified these with several Pieces of Cannon, to prevent the Spaniards from making any new Attempts, till such time as he has recovered his lost Reinforcement; and then we expect the News of a decisive Engagement.

Frankfort, July 12. The Count de Salurne, Chamberlain to the Emperor, and Aid du Camp General, who arriv'd here on the 9th of this Month, pr orded by his Postillions blowing their Horns, brought his Imperial Majesty the News of what pass'd at Weissenburg on the 10th. There is something remarkable in the Manner of this Gentleman's coming; he rode from the Field of Action to Landau, and made his Way from thence to Philipbourg, on Foot, in the Dress of a Hunter, his Valet de Chambre leading a Leash of Hounds behind him. The Substance of his Account was, that the Lines of Weissenburg had been attack'd at Six in the Morning by the Imperial and French Troops; who, after many Hours obstinate Defence, forced the Austrians to retire, with the Loss of a great Number of Men kill'd on the Spot; two Battalions, the General Count de Forgatsch, and several other Officers of Distinction, being made Prisoners. The Regiment of Truchse, the Walloons, and the Hessians, suffered exceedingly; and the two German Regiments of Alsace and Royal Bavarians, in the French Service, lost a great Number. The Action last'd till Nine o'Clock at Night, and is esteem'd, by much, the most obstinate Dispute that has happen'd during the whole War.

Düsseldorf, July 14. The Advantage obtain'd by the Imperialists and French over the Austrians, is very considerable; if we may credit the Letters from Mannheim; but, at the same time, it is own'd that this Advantage cost them very dear, since they left better than 2000 men dead on the Spot; of which 1700 were Imperialists, and the rest French. We conclude here, that the Marshals Seckendorff and Coigny are too wise to be drawn, by this small Piece of Success, to risk an-

other Engagement, but will rather retire under the Cannon of Strassbourg, in order to wait there the Reinforcements they expect; and we are the rather inclin'd to believe this, because, at present, the Austrians are superior to them by one half, and have already demand'd 1,200,000 Livres from Alsace, and 2,000,000 from the City of Strassbourg only, by Way of Contribution.

Oudenarde, July 12. On the 9th of this Month there was a very brisk Skirmish between the Regiment of Waldeck and a Corps of French Hussars; in which the latter had the worst. On the 10th there arriv'd half a Score French Hussars at the Quarters of the Duke of Arenberg, who deserv'd with their Horses and Arms. We are inform'd, that the French King has made a great Detachment, both of Horse and Foot, from his Army, for the Rhine; he has likewise order'd 8000 Men to join the Marshal Count de Saxe, who continues to hover between Lille and Tournay. As the true Intentions of this General are not easily known, it has been judg'd expedient to pass'de Brussels, in order to prevent any sudden Attempt this enterprising General might be tempted to make.

Ostend, July 12. The French opened the Trenches before Furns in the Night, between the 7th and 8th, and made, from that Time, so dreadful a Fire on the Place, that it surrender'd after 36 Hours open Trenches. A French Party of 300 Dragoons, and as many Hussars, appear'd Yesterday before the Fort of Passendale, situate about a League from hence, in which there are 60 English and Scots Foot; who, by making a very brisk Fire upon them, oblig'd them to retire. We have since receiv'd that small Garrison with 100 Men.

Calais, July 8. On the 4th of this Month, about Four in the Afternoon, his Majesty arriv'd here, and was receiv'd with all possible Demonstrations of Loyalty and Respect. The Magistrates were presented to him by Prince Charles of Lorraine (that is, of the Branch settled in France) Master of the Horse, and Governor of Picardy; the Townsmen were all handsomely clothed in Scarlet, and under Arms; and upon their Representation to the King, that it was their peculiar Privilege to guard his Majesty while he remained in their Town, he directed his own Guards to give Place. His Majesty, after visiting the Fortifications of the City, saw a Ship launch'd, and gave 30 Louis d'Ors to the Builder; he likewise gave 12 Guineas to the Crew of two English Packet Boats that were there. On the 6th his Majesty went to Bologne, and return'd thither the next Day. On the 8th, about Seven in the Morning, his Majesty set out for Dunkirk, visiting the Towns of Graveline and Bourbourg by the Way. We hear, that the Army of the Count de Saxe will be shortly augmented to 60,000 Men; and that he will have Orders to attack the Allies before the King invests either Newport or Ostend. Our Privateers have had no Success, and several belonging to the Port of Dunkirk, have been taken.

Copy of the Relation sent by his most Serene Highness Prince Charles, from the Head Quarters at Lauterbourg, the 7th of July, 1744.

His most Serene Highness Prince Charles having detached Count Nadasti to make himself Master of the Town and of the Lines of Lauterbourg, this General thereupon immediately after his Arrival, sent to summon the Town to surrender, which the Commandant having refus'd, Count Nadasti demand'd of his Highness some Cannon and a Reinforcement, without which he could not succeed in taking the Lines. The Prince thereupon immediately sent the Prince of Wolfenbuttel and General Preising, with four Regiments of Foot and three of Horse, and march'd with them himself; but scarce were they got Half-way, but the Town demand'd to capitulate. This Post being of great Consequence, his most Serene Highness order'd that the Capitulation should be granted, without standing upon Trifles; and it was accordingly sign'd, though the Garrison consisted of 1700 Men, and this Post might have held out ten Days. They engage not to serve against her Majesty the Queen, or her Allies, during one Year and a Day. As soon as his most Serene Highness arriv'd at Lauterbourg, he reinforced the 200 Men of the Regiment of Forgatsch, which General Nadasti had order'd to enter into it, to the Number of 800; and hearing that the Enemy was in March to gain the Lines on the Side of Weissenburg, he detach'd General Nadasti towards that Town. His Highness being return'd about Nine at Night to the Army, Advice came, that the main Body of the French and Bavarians was rais'd in Order of Battle behind a Wood, which we had in our Front; and as it was then duskish, his Highness sent out Patrols on every Side, to observe what pass'd; but they not return-

ing till Six in the Morning, the Army could not march till Eight. Marching towards Lauterbourg, the Prince receiv'd Advice, that General Nadasti had taken Possession of Weissenburg, the Garrison of which had surrender'd Prisoners of War, in Sight of the advanced Guard of the Army, which General Nadasti had just beaten; but this General giving Notice at the same Time, that the whole Army was preparing to pour in upon him, and that he could not keep his Posts long, his Highness sent immediate Orders for the French Garrison of Weissenburg to march out; and having made them lay down their Arms, he caus'd the aforesaid four Regiments of Infantry to enter into the Place, in order to support General Nadasti till the Army had pass'd the Lines. At the same Time he order'd four Regiments of Cavalry to advance, and sent to the Army to hinder their March, fearing that the French, coming to push General Nadasti, might get into his Lines, and hinder the Passage of our Men. Within an Hour after, the Infantry began to come up, and the whole Army stood off immediately.

As soon as it was formed, he sent Orders to General Nadasti to abandon Weissenburg, and he detach'd 500 German Horse to facilitate his Retreat; which he executed with his whole Corps, excepting one Battalion of the Regiment of Forgatsch; which, notwithstanding every Thing that could be said, would not quit their Post; in which they maintained themselves till Nine at Night, when the French retok the Town, after having assault'd it three several Times. The whole Corps under General Nadasti perform'd Wounds, 6000 Men having held out the whole Day against 40,000, and given the Army Time to establish themselves in the Lines. The Enemy had above 1000 Men killed, without mentioning the Wounded and the Prisoners. We took four Standards, one Pair of Hessian Colours, and the Kettle Drums of a French Regiment, which was entirely destroyed. Our Loss amounts to about 700 Men, including the Killed, and those made Prisoners of the Battalion of Forgatsch; and 200 wounded. We are Masters of the Town and Lines of Lauterbourg; in which we have found nine Pieces of Cannon, with a Magazine sufficient to support the Army eight Days. General Beckenbach is marching to join us with his Corps, who in their Way have seized several Magazines; and his Avant Guard, under the Command of Prince Esterhazy, have likewise defeated two Regiments of French Horse on the Side of Spire.

## IRELAND.

Dublin, July 3. This Day died of the Small-Pox, Richard Blake, of Ardtry, Esq; a Gentleman of universal good Character, whose Death is much lamented.

To the Rev. Dr. DELANY, on the Rejoicings, particularly amongst the Poor, on his Return to Ireland.

When the proud Victor from the Toils of War  
Returning, mounts on the triumphal Car,  
Tho' Pains rise, and glittering Trophies shine,  
Ne'er can his Bosom feel a Joy like thine!  
Tis his, on pining Slaves to build a Name,  
And thro' Calamities, to grasp at Fame;  
Tis thine, beneficent, to cheer the Scenes  
Where Want array'd in all its Terrors reigns;  
Thine to dispel dark Error's baneful Shade,  
Mortality in various Forms, to aid!

## HOME PORTS.

Dart, July 9. Wind S. S. E. Came down and remains the Prince of Wales Privateer, Capt. Castle, with the Winchester Min of War.

Gravesend, July 9. Pass'd by the Dove, Graham, the Endeavour, Jonsson, the Hope, Hewett, the Betty and Elizabeth, Myers, the Brotherhood, Barberfon, the Margaret, Myers, the St. John Evangelist, Wittigrove, the Regina, Buddie, the Adventure, Starborn, the Flying Mercury, Pahl, the Anna Maria, Belman, the St. Peter, Hils, the St. Paul, Clopenburgh, the Hamburg Arms, Fredrickson, the Calatine, Boylson, and the City of London, Millett, all from Hamburg; the Milk River, Cosker, from Monzerit; the Flying Pidgeon, Johnson, from Zarigze; the Concord, Ellory, from Bremen; the Lady Christina, Rolfsen, the Gregorius, Millet, the Mary and Elisabeth, Bosca, the Betty and Elizabeth, Myers, the John and Mary, Notridge, the Sea Nymph, Barnby, and the Barham, Diamond, all from Rotterdam; the Griffin, Haliburton, from Antigua; the Jamaica, Claribut, from Calais; the Union, Stevens, from Ostend; the Greenwich, Gily, from Galipoly; and the Chesterfield, Cox, from North Carolina.



Arrived  
At Jamaica; the George and Sarah, Playters, from London.  
At Plymouth, the Friends Good Will, Glegg, from South Carolina.  
At Portsmouth, the Ulysses, Haydon, from Lisbon.

#### L O N D O N.

The Grand Signior has published an Edict, in which he forbids, on pain of Death to the Crew, and Confiscation and Imprisonment for Life to the Owners, the fitting out any Ship to cruise on the Christians.

His Prussian Majesty has been pleased to declare, that he expects, for the future, the Title of Prince of Prussia shall be given to his Brother, Prince William.

According to private Letters from Cadiz, they had Intelligence there, that a Register Ship which sailed from thence in April last for America, had been taken by an English Man of War. It is said, that 200,000 Pieces of Eight has been insured on this Ship at Genoa.

On Monday Morning the Chevalier de Champigny, Minister from his most Serene Highness the Elector of Cologne, received an Express from his Court, with the Ratification of the Treaty concluded between his Britannick Majesty and his said Electoral Highness; and in the Afternoon the Ratifications were exchanged.

To-morrow the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor will hold the Third General Seal after Trinity Term, at Lincoln's-Inn Hall.

Next Friday the Lords and other Commissioners for the Affairs of Chelsea Hospital, will sit at the Hospital Chamber in Killigrew Court, Scotland Yard, in order to admit such superannuated Invalids into the Pension of the said College, as can make good their Pretensions thereto.

His Excellency the Earl of Holderness, lately appointed Ambassador to the Republic of Venice, will set out for that Place the latter End of next Week, his Baggage being quite ready.

Last Monday in the Evening the Son of Mr. Weekly, belonging to Islington Turnpike, washing his Feet in a Pond near Sadler's Wells, accidentally fell into it, and was drown'd.

#### B A N K R U P T S.

Edward Tyler Lewes, of Norwich, Haberdasher and Chapman.

Edward Hosking, of Falmouth, in the County of Cornwall, Tobaccoist and Chapman.

William Kyte, of the City of Oxford, in the County of Oxon, Innholder and Vintner.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	09 12	00 43

Bank Stock, 145 3-4ths. India, 179 to 1-4th. South Sea, Nothing done. Old Annuity, 111 7-8ths. New ditto, 111 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 94 1-4th. Ditto 1743, 94. Ditto 1744, 93 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan, 114. Five per Cent. ditto, 73 5-8ths. Royal Assurance, Nothing done. London Assurance, Nothing done. India Bonds, 21. 12s. to 21. 14s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 1/2. 7 s. 6d. Prem. Salt Talties, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 100. Three per Cent. ditto, 90. Million Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 111.

Admiralty-Office, July 9, 1744.

WHEREAS several of the Men who belonged to his Majesty's Ship the Ipswich, and have been order'd to repair on board his Majesty's Ship the St. George, at Spithead, have not yet appeared on board that Ship, notwithstanding their Leave expired the 17th of last Month; The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby strictly direct them immediately to repair on board the St. George, where they will be paid the Remainder of their Wages for the Ipswich; but if any fail therein, they will not only lose the aforesaid Payments, but the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried as a Court Martial as Deserters, and punished with the utmost Rigor of the Law.

Tho. Corbett.

**STAFFORD BRISCOE, JEWELLER and GOLDSMITH, at the Golden Ball the Corner of Friday-street, in Cheap-side, London,**

Continues, at the Old Shop, solely and separately to deal in all Kinds of Second hand Plate, Jewels, and Watches, as he has done for several Years last past at the said Shop, and has always great Variety of the same, as also great Choice of Large and Small new Plate, made in the newest and most Elegant Taste; both Kinds of which will be constantly sold at the very lowest Rates; and the most Money given for Old Plate, Watches, &c.

P. S. Nothing Engraved will be ever offer'd to Sale, without first Engraving the Name.

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**R**emoved from the Corner of Friday-street to the Three Kings, and Golden Ball, late Mr. Barrett's, in Cheap-side, nearer St. Paul's, continues, as formerly, to carry on, solely and separately, the Business of Buying and Selling all Sorts of Second-hand Plate and Watches; having now great Variety of the same, with many other curious Things, at very reasonable Rates. Also all Kinds of New Plate, made by the best Workmen, in the most elegant Taste, and nearly Finished; of which he has great Choice.

N. B. He gives most Money for old Gold and Silver, and no Credit is given or required.

#### To be S O L D,

**A** Manor or capital Messuage, situate at Broom, in the Parish of Whiston and County of York, in two Parcels; one of them contains the House, Dovecot, large Barn and Stables, a Croft Garden, Orchard, and Fold-field, with about 30 Acres of enclosed Land, now let at the yearly Rent of 36 l. 7 s. 6 d. the Leases expiring at Martinmas next; the other Parcel joins upon it, and contains about 60 Acres of Enlosure, now let at the yearly Rent of 59 l. For further Particulars enquire of Mr. Benjamin Haycock, Silkman, in Breadstreet, London; or of Mr. Wharam, Grocer, in Rotherham, Yorkshire.

Likewise the Crown Inn at Rotherham in Yorkshire, the best situated of any in the Town for Business, with 18 Acres of Field Land, 10 Acres of Enlosure, and about eight Acres of Meadow, now in the Occupation of Mr. Thomas Hardy, at the yearly Rent of 56 l. There will be two Closes of about nine Acres sold with the above, if desired. For further Particulars enquire as above.

#### This Day is Published,

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The Fame and Reputation of this Author, with the Multitude of its Editions, may recommend the Purchasing this Book to them that otherwise know it not; but the good Spirit it is written withal, has made it dear and valuable to them that do; and the good Grace of God, I hope, will make it serviceable to all that meet with it.

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